

We all have a unique common interest in old roses.

Most of us eagerly read anything that we can find on the topic but still feel that there is so very much to lear.

A major problem is the lack of information specifically for Texas on the subject.

The tremendous variablity in Texas soils, temperature, and moisture conditions provides special challenges for rose growers; this, of course, complicates the process of learning about the best varieties and their cultural requirements.

Probably the best sounce of information concerning old roses in Texas is through the accumulated knowledge of Texas old rose growers. If we can find better ways to facilitate communications among ourselves, we can all learn a great deal and duplicate our errorts less.

This newsletter is me at to be a vehicle for old rose growers to share their knowledge. Many of us enjoy "The Rose Letter" published by the Heritage Rose Group. This Texas newsletter is meant to further promote interest in old roses, and to explore their potential as landscape plants for our state. We plan to do this through articles, plant sharing, and collecting trips. We hope that you will not only join the organization, but lend your active support to its objectives.

Rather than assessing dues, we ask that each interested person and a small contribution to our Secretary, Pamela Furyear This will be targeted towards mailing and duplication costs for the two or three newsletters a year. We plan to ask for contributions with the membership year beginning September 1st.

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ABOUT OUR NAM

No we all not a fourty & Wester what else wild you contexter the classic state of the Dallas symposium???

Now about those names As best I recall, it was James W. "Buddy" Harrison who suggested . Welch's Night Raiders. Sara Jean Darby proposed the Ragged, Ragged Robin (None of us looked too hot on that collecting trip!) Your secretary, however, insisted that as we were a collection of giant intellects ourselves, that we should reflect the scholarly (as opposed to the larcenous) aspect of our organization in our title. I get the feeling that everyone will end up calling us the Rexas Rose Rustlers, anyway!

Sketched (rather poorly!) on our title page are the two major cardidates for "the Yellow Rose of Texas," Vice-President Margaret Sharpe (who is) favors Rosa Banksia lutea (on the left). She says, "This is the rose most Texas rosarians think to be the "Yellow Rose of Texas" rather than "Harison's Yellow" (on the right) so often acclaimed. R. Banksiae lutea roots so readily and grows so vigorously that we feel the wagon trains spread more of these cuttings on homesteads in Texas than the Harison's Yellow, that does not like the heat, is hardier and does not compare in vigor to R. Banksiae lutea. Harison's Yellow is a Foetida"



BLANKITY-BLANK-BLANK:
Attached to our first newsletter are two sets of blanks --

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the old roce
would sure;

ld take the

ted here, and it would give

all a better idea of what greater, and how successfully.

The second set are unknowns. I got the idea from Ethelyn Keays' famed notebooks, You will note the emphasis n the green parts: after a must wait a year sometin the flower, but the sepal are always with us. I pr to draw the bloom types fo class on separate sheets. fully this should clarify collected unknowns. The for all classes will be av from me at cost at some fu date; this should be about each. Drop me a note at 70% Holland St, Navasota 77868 you would like some.

-- Pamela Purye



My father was devoted to Peace and its sports, and I was happy to grow them for him. After his death, however, I felt the need of a change, and, remembering the English gardens I had visited, decided to attempt the old roses. I did the usual research and then assembled a collection of the best of the four major groups of summer-blooming types. It was a disaster, of course, and I had been warned — pig-headed stubborness did not carry the day. Some died without setting a bud, others bloomed lavishly for a season or two and then dwindled away, but was I downhearted? Well My next bright idea was to reclaim the plants I had known as a boy, roses included, which in this part of the country meant, in those days, in my family, the Teas and Chinas. What follows are notes on choice and cultivation for the Gulf Coast, and all from experience.

The Yellow Lady Banks rose is almost a weed here; it florishes exceedingly and tends to swamp anything within its reach. The white form is seldom seen now -- I can't think why. No less beautiful, it is somewhat less rampant and therefore less trying to accomodate, and for me it Blooms about ten days after the yellow form begins, thus extending the season. Both these roses seem to like our terrible clay and will endure even the westering sun. In fact, they like all the sun they can get. Cold, heat, flood, drought -- all these are as nothing to them, once

they hit their stride.

Another fine climber for Houston is Marechal Neil, a sumptous beauty and the finest of its type. It too likes our distressing soil but wants lots of water, which I give it in the form of manure tea. The blooms should receive some protection from the brillance of the sun -- they fade but they rarely ball

and winter protection may be necessary.

Climbing Cécile Brunner is a choice rose for this area. too is fearfully vigorous -- my plant has nearly obliterated a burly great bush of Don Juan, and is now competing with a redbud tree, a wisteria, and a pyracantha on their own terms. Gentle Reader, before you plant, and remember it blooms in the Spring and seldom thereafter. If you can, train it into a small open sort of tree (a silk tree is just right), but if you choose to let it build up into a shrub, you must provide some support. Cécile Brunner -- always called Mignon in my young day -- is another classic rose of the South, and well worth having if you can find a good form. What passes under the name hereabouts is a scruffy little affair and no great ornament. On the other hand the Spray form is lovely, an airy improbability of some botanist's fantasy -- and there is Perle d'Or, both as an untidy little shrub, which left to its own devices will make a mare's nest of itself, and as a climber, which I have never seen.

Amongst the Chinas, my favorite and the only one I have at present is Old Blush, the most undemanding and generous of roses. It has no kind of fault or flaw but it is big and may be (cont)

better suited as a landscape subject. Another such is Mutabilis, a strapping belle whose habit and foliage are as pretty as its flowers Grow against a wall if possible and protect it during the winter if necessary -- it isn't as hardy as some -- and if you are very lucky it will throw a climbing branch from time to time. This I have seen in Italy and a fine sight it is. And if your luck holds, you may find the exquisite Cherokee Rose (R laevigata). The white form is the best I think, but it is all a matter of taste -- and the warmer white McCartney Rose (R bracteata). Sophistication never looked so simple. For those with a hankering after the preverse, horticulturally speaking, there is R chinensis viridiflora, and if you like that sort of thing, then that's the sort of thing you like. It has two points in its favor: it is blatantly healthy, and the buds are of a curious blue-green color which is attractive and useful for arrangements, where they will puzzle all beholders and make you feel very smug indeed! All right, three points. Louis Philippe, or what passes for it here -- there is some controversy -- makes a rounded, mounding shrub to ten or so feet, healthy, hardy, never never complaining, usually spangled with a pleasant show of double red blooms. It is a dullish sort of red, paling toward the center, and this rose is not the most thrilling of its race, but Louis Philippe is a willing subject, happy anywhere, and there is much to be said for anything so graciously inclined. I could say much the same about Seven Sisters, with a caution that some people may dislike its cerise-majenta-mauve color scheme -- me, for one -- but it is utterly robust and thrives in any situation.

The Teas present certain difficulties -- they ball something chronic. Maman Cochet and White Cochet, friends of my earliest childhood, I have never induced to open a single bloom, and Devoniensis much the same, but the blank pink Catherine Mermet, the richer pink Duchess de Brabant, and the glorious apricot-gold Lady Hillingdon will do very well. All these are good, but the last is a treasure, so fine is its habit and foliage, not to mention its large, cupped blooms, that I think it ought to be used as a specimen plant. Comtesse du Cayla does well here I recall, a semi-double blossom of the most flaunting red-orange handsomely set off by its dusky foliage, but I lost it years ago and have never been able to find a replace ment. Does anyone know where I might locate a plant? Rosette Delizy makes a tall, branching shrub in time -- no good at all as a bedder it may even achieve an interesting gnarled effect, but it can be hurt by cold and the blooms will ball until the plant has made a certain degree of growth. Then the flowers will be large enough to open properly, and the color is superb. Teas are generally thought to be pale and retiring in tint, but Rosette Delizy is gorgeous, no modest maiden, she.

Two last thoughts: first, Gentle Reader, please notice that all the roses discussed here have reasonably strong constitutions. This, of course, is necessary in a difficult climate, but more than that, I no longer spray. I am sure that the poisons I used were harmful in various ways, such headaches I had, and I don't believe they did much good. Any rose disposed to spot will spot, those healthy enough to shrug and get on with it, will, and I do not choose to set up an infirmary for picky plants. Here they must be healthy and hearty, willing to please and be pleased. And now a truly last thought: a friend in Northeast Texas writes that she cannot keep her old roses when budded onto a stock more than three seasons, which has been my experience also. Comments?

Upon being inspired by the gracionsness of Panis Pick in how their present situations.

The Metaphysics of the Rose

("And is there any moral shut/Within the bosom of the Rose." Alfred, Lord Tennyson)

You lift your heavy head sunward bearing aloft your beauty and fragrance as a present

To the unheeding who now live in the house and fix cars and poar oil beside you in the front yard.

The French critic called you the rose of the century and titled ladies in straw bonnets cut you with silver shears to grace Sterling epergnes on polished tables, so that their silken-gowned friends might exclaim over your color and richness.

Now, unknown, you suffer garbage cans for company every Tuesday and

Friday.

This, though, has nothing to do with you.

Your concerns are the deep soils where your roots quest for their summer moisture:

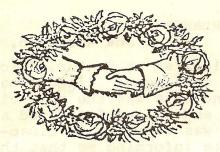
The bursting green spring impulses; the winds and frosts which prompt you into sleep; the calmer, slower days of fall when you more carefully make your rounded blooms of color to fling aloft Proclaiming your pedigree.

Your business is all with God's Will and God's Seasons.
Roses, you full we all know, never fell into sin in that first garden,
long ago.

A Couplet to a Legend

Everyone asks after you, saying, "And how about Marshall Neal, so unexcelled?"

And so you remain: forever loved, forever misspelled.



THE STATE OF THE STATE -Pam Puryear, ED and SEC

We were pleased to hear that our particular friend, Mr James W "Buddy" Harrison is now an accredited Apprentice Judge! We already knew he was a dedicated old rose collector.

Welcome to our two new member nurserymen: Mr Tom Marek from Magnolia, and Mr William Barber from Tomball. Tom has taken some cuttings to root under mist, for sale in his nursery. It would certainly be a public service to us all if he does! Then he would have to deal with identification -- the bugger bear of poor Mrs Wiley and Mr Schrauen of Pickering. Tom may be in a position to prove the old saw, "A rose by any other name still smells as sweet."

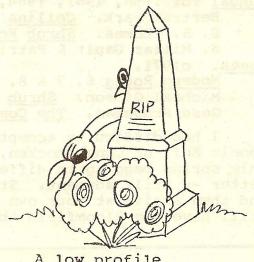
The famed Fourth Annual Rose Rustle will be held as usual the latter part of November. I'll get cards to you-all. We had planned a westwardly migration this year -- Brenham, La Grange, etc. All cuttings brought to the gathering point will be appreciated by all. The more the merrier, so invite anyone wishing to attend. Have a family friend stationed near a phone to bail us out when we are apprehended by the authorities!!!

Joe Woodward wrote that Joe Kern, Box 33, Mentor, Ohio 44060 is commencing on his last year in the rose business. Oldtimers will recall him well; I

bought my first old roses from him in 1967! They were Cardinal de Richelieu, and I have them every one yet. Write for his price list. Two of interest are General Jack and Seven Sisters.

Does anyone have a copy of the classic Everblooming Roses by Mrs Drennan? Conrad Tips has searched in vain for it for years.

Conrad also sent a list of nurseries who carry oldfashioned type plants. 4400 Bellaire Blvd, Houston 77401 has a few of Mrs Wiley's potted up each year. Saxton Gardens, 1 First St, Saratoga Springs, NY 12866, has rare & species daylilies, though not everything is in the catalogue. Houston Daylily Gardens (the old Russell Farms of my youth) P 0 Box 7008, The Woodlands, 77380, has a few species and older forms, plus the common old red amaryllis. Owen Davis Nursery, 611 E 11th St, Houston 77009 is offering, in Mch, 1983, good forms of Cecile Brunner & Seven Sisters. Conrad says Mrs Farris of that firm also has a fine plum for the Gulf Coast.



A low profile

BLOOMFIELD ABUNDANCE

-- Joe Woodward, Ex Comm

In 1968, Wayside Gardens, then located at Mentor, Ohio, listed Bloomfield Abundance in their catalogue. Since I had grown Cécile Brunner for some time and this was the only other variety similiar to it in bloom form and color, I ordered a plant. When the shipment arrived, I was temporarily disappointed because the invoice had a note informing me that they were sold out of Bloomfield Abundance and were substituting Cécile Brunner. The listing for Bloomfield Abundance appeared in their catalogue only that one year.

Shortly after planting the rose, I was surprised to see the rose start taking off toward the sky. By the end of the year, it had reached over five feet in height and almost that wide. Cécile had never reached over 24"; my present plants of Cécile are in a raised bed with good soil supplements, and are 20" tall. Bloomfield Abundance is still thriving over six feet tall and still spreading. The last two seasons, it has

thrown one or two much longer, strong canes.

You are perhaps familiar with the controversy surrounding these two roses. Here are a few of the related references:
Captain C A. E. Stanfield. "Cécile Brunner and Bloomfield
Abundance." The Rose Annual of the Royal National Rose Society, 1972.

Partick Harrison. "Will the Real Cécile Brunner Please Stand Up?" in Bits 'O Bulletin, The American Rose Magazine, Jan. 1981.

Léonie Bell. "The Real Cécile Brunner Stands Up." The Newsletter of the Heritage Rose Group, May 1981. Mrs Bell claims that Bloomfield Abundance is a phantom, in reality being spray Cécile Brunner.

Léonie Bell. "The Real Cécile Brunner." The Rose Annual of the Royal N. R. S. 1982.

Other references to Bloomfield Abundance in rose literature are:

----- "Roses- A Selected List of Varieties." RNRS Annual for 1958, 1961, 1964, 1967, and 1971.

Bertram Park. Collins Guide to Roses. c1956. G. S. Thomas. Shrub Roses of Today. c1962.

S. Millar Gault & Patrick M. Synge. The Dictionary of c1971.

Modern Roses 6, 7 & 8.

Micheal Gibson. Shrub Roses, Climbers, & Ramblers. c1981. Gerd Krussman. The Complete Book of Roses.

I had difficulty accepting the theory expounded by Léonie Bell of Conshohocken, Pennsylvania, so I wrote her this spring begging to differ. Recently she responded to my letter -- still adamant. Study the references and the roses and then arrive at your own conclusion. For my part, I still have the Bloomfield Abundance label on my plant.

ROSE ANATOMY Sepala Bracts Small wenged green may be: attenuate = slender, taperry parts where fedicals begin - indicates species; dilate = widen at top winged = faliacedus I vig. R. bractesta. HPs): The sepala harizonal alban & Dam. : sepala reflex when mature RECEPTACLE Charns acicular = needle-shaped subulate = awlo " thorns at nodes usually Kachis indicate groome down leaf stem; deep grooves = Tea. cen be stemely sessile (close to stem) Cherias - svate, elliptic up accuminate enda (pointed) Keceptacles Pallica & Damascera - woolly, obconical = cone shaped tomestose, leathery turbinete = () alla - powdered glankous surface, regose (netted & lumpy) pear ovoid = urceolate = un Bourbon - sessile & leathery globare = fusiform = spindle toward enter end entice + smooth dentate = toothed denticulate = finely" See Teonie Bell. Rose Segnstures" american Rose annual. 1970. pp 104-117.

| | CLASS: /EA |
|---------------|---------------------------|
| BLOOM SHAPE: | NAME: |
| (Color) | STUDY NAME: |
| | (When photographed?) |
| | HABIT: |
| | BLOOMTIME: |
| | THORNS: (Draw) |
| | SEPALS: |
| | SEL ALB. |
| | |
| BLOOM COLOR: | RECEPTACLES: (Draw shape) |
| | |
| LEAF SHAPE: | |
| | STIPULES: |
| | |
| | |
| | ROOTSTOCK? |
| | OWNER'S NAME |
| LEAF COLOR: | CUTTINGS TAKEN? |
| LEAF TEXTURE: | |
| | |

CLASSICAL DESCRIPTIONS OF THIS ROSE IN LITERATURE: (Be sure to cite author and title.)

CLASS: Bourbon BLOOM SHAPE: Jull, reflexed NAME: Mme ISSAC Persire Cs. 1880 quartered (Colors) STUDY NAME: (When photographed?) apl 1982 slike pruts HABIT: rangy + law grawing (4-6) BLOOMTIME: / ste Meh, then intermittently - good THORNS: (Draw) - thorns betw. nodes -Tew fine prickles beneath rachis & an petiole SEPALS: BLOOM COLOR: first blooms polex RECEPTACLES: (Draw shape) misshapen, then raspherry, deeper alobose to ovoid in Fell. fot buds LEAF SHAPE: ovote to round 5 lest lets STIPULES: long. statched, tiny, entire ROOTSTOCK? grafted (RoyaT). OWNER'S NAME Very sessile CUTTINGS TAKEN? redush fundle CLASSICAL DESCRIPTIONS OF THIS ROSE IN LITERATURE: (Be sure to cite author and title.) Swenson. a Sundred Oldtime Roses... p38 It's scent seems to fill the entire garden. Flowers are large, intense rose-madder & shaded

Swenson. a Hundred aldtime Roses... p 28 Its seent seems to fill the Intire garden. Flowers are large, intense rose-madder i sheded magetta. The ralled petals apen to great blooms among its big bald falrage.

Nilson & Bell. The Fragrant year. p 149 The sumptous 4 ench flowers, deeply quartered, are a light velocity arenson. Busher grow to 6 feet & some easer reach sligher...